

SKC EVO

EN Mobile fall arrester for cable
 IT Anticaduta di tipo guidato su cavo
 FR Antichute mobile sur câble
 DE Mitlaufendes Auffanggerät für Kabel
 ES Anticaídas deslizante para cable

MADE IN ITALY
EN 353-1:2014
EN 353-2:2002



89/686/CEE - Personal Protective Equipment against falls from a height.



IST22-4F716K0CT_rev.1 04-17



1 MODEL	
REF. No.	4F716K
WEIGHT	465 g
STANDARDS	EN 353-1:2014 EN 353-2:2002
CABLE	USE ONLY CABLE ø 8 mm 7x19 STAINLESS STEEL GALVANIZED STEEL

ENGLISH

The instruction manual for this device consists of a general and specific instructions, both must be carefully read and understood before use. **Attention!** This leaflet shows the specific instruction only.

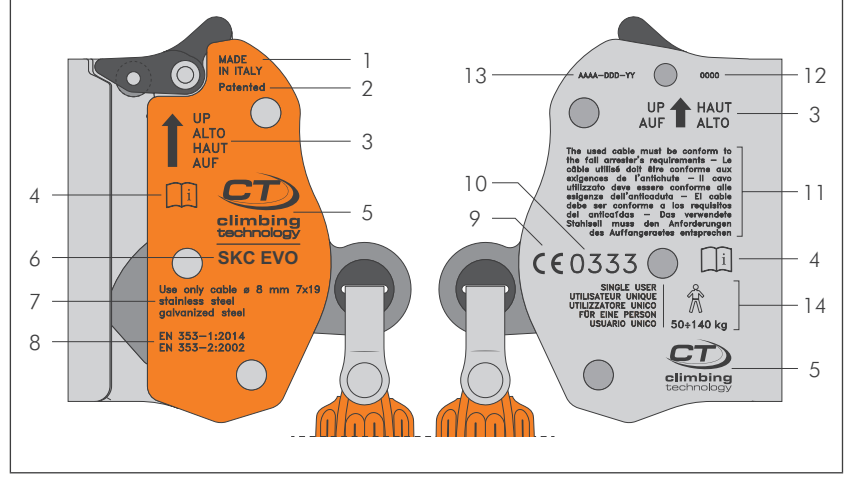
SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS SKC EVO (PATENTED).
 Any work at height requires the use of Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) as a protection against the risk of a fall. Before accessing the work station, all the risk factors must be evaluated (environmental, concomitant, consequential). This device should only be used by a competent and responsible person in safe operation conditions or by a user under the direct supervision of such a person.

1) FIELD OF APPLICATION (Fig. 1). EN 353-1:2014 - Guided type fall arrester including a rigid anchor line. EN 353-2:2002 - Guided type fall arrester including a flexible anchor line. The device should only be used with the lifelines indicated below.

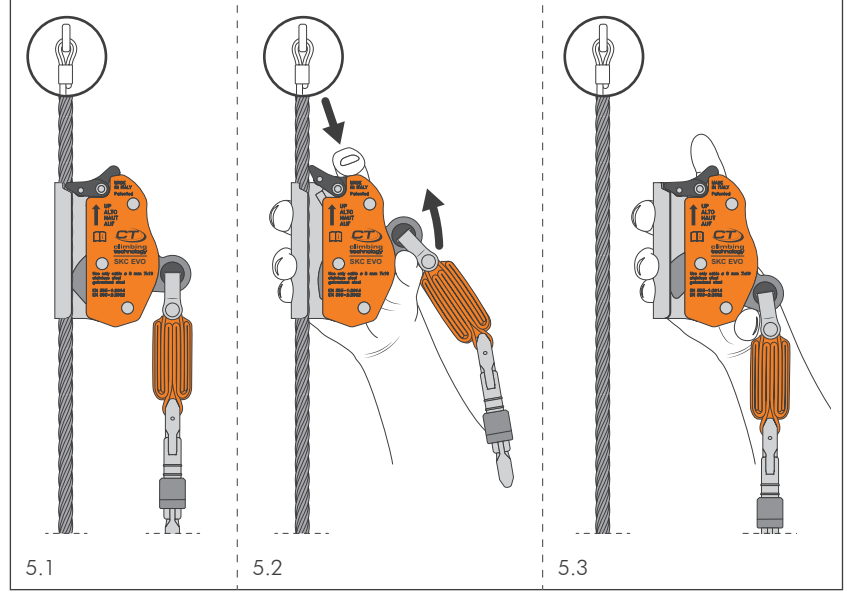
1.1 - Lifeline with an 8 mm Ø stainless steel AISI 316 cable. The lifeline must be built with a cable that complies with the European Directives 89/392 - 91/368 - 93/44 - 93/38 - 92/767 - 93/40 - 94/1217, and that presents the following properties: stainless steel AISI 316 7x19 (6x19 + metallic inner core); 8 mm Ø (+0%, +5%); breaking strength greater than 30 kN. The lifeline must be equipped with a thimble (B) and a ferrule (A) in the upper part, while in the lower part it must have a set of three wire rope grips (D), a thimble (B) and a tensioner (C). Notes: the top anchoring system shall be composed by the stainless steel cable with an 8 mm Ø, by a stainless steel thimble with an 8 mm internal diameter and by a copper ferrule with a 9 mm internal Ø and 32 mm length (before swaging); wire rope grips and thimble (B) have to be made of stainless steel and must have an 8 mm Ø; the tensioner has to be made of stainless steel and must have a 12 mm Ø eyelet.

1.2 - Lifeline with an 8 mm Ø zinc plated steel cable. The lifeline must be built with a cable that complies with the European Directives 89/392 - 91/368 - 93/44 - 93/38 - 92/767 - 93/40 - 94/1217, and that presents the following properties: zinc plated steel 7x19 (6x19 + metallic inner core); 8 mm Ø (+0%, +5%); breaking strength greater than 30 kN. The lifeline must be equipped with a thimble (B) and a ferrule (A) in the upper part, while in the lower part it must have a set of three wire rope grips (D), a thimble (B) and a tensioner (C). Notes: the top anchoring system shall be composed by the stainless steel cable with an 8 mm Ø, by a stainless steel thimble with an 8 mm internal diameter and by a copper ferrule with a 9 mm internal Ø and 32 mm length (before swaging);

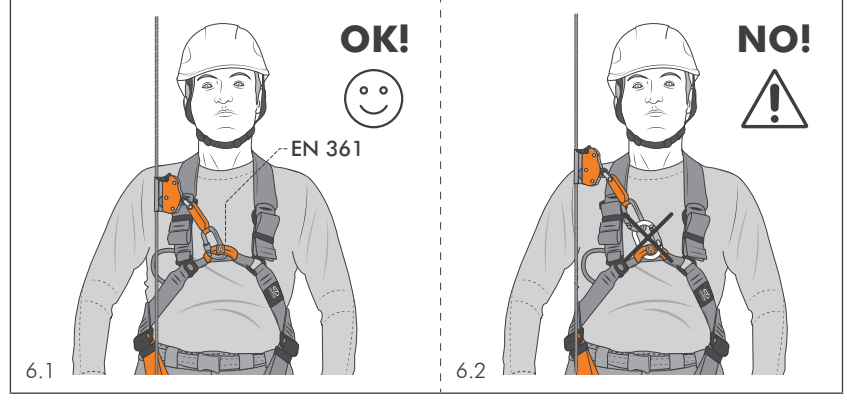
2 MARKING



5 REMOVING

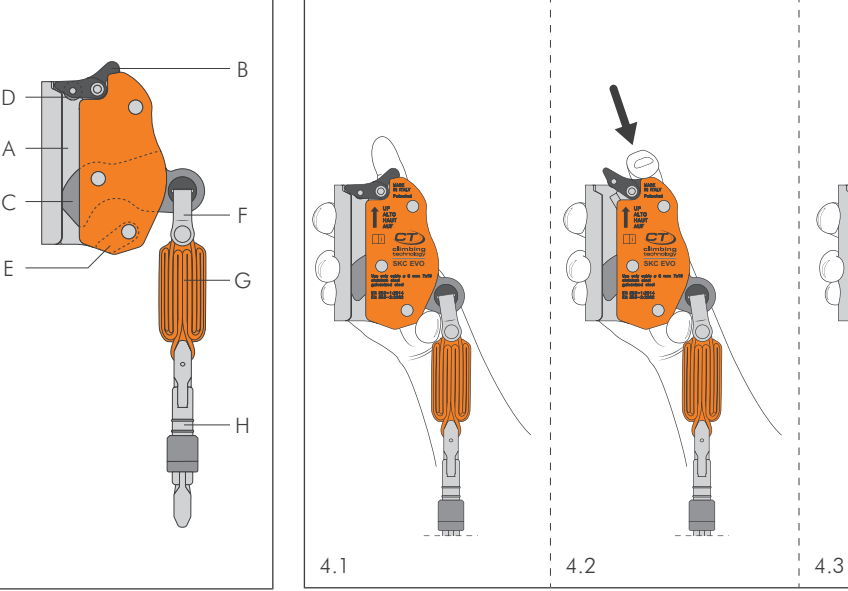


6 ATTACHMENTS POINTS

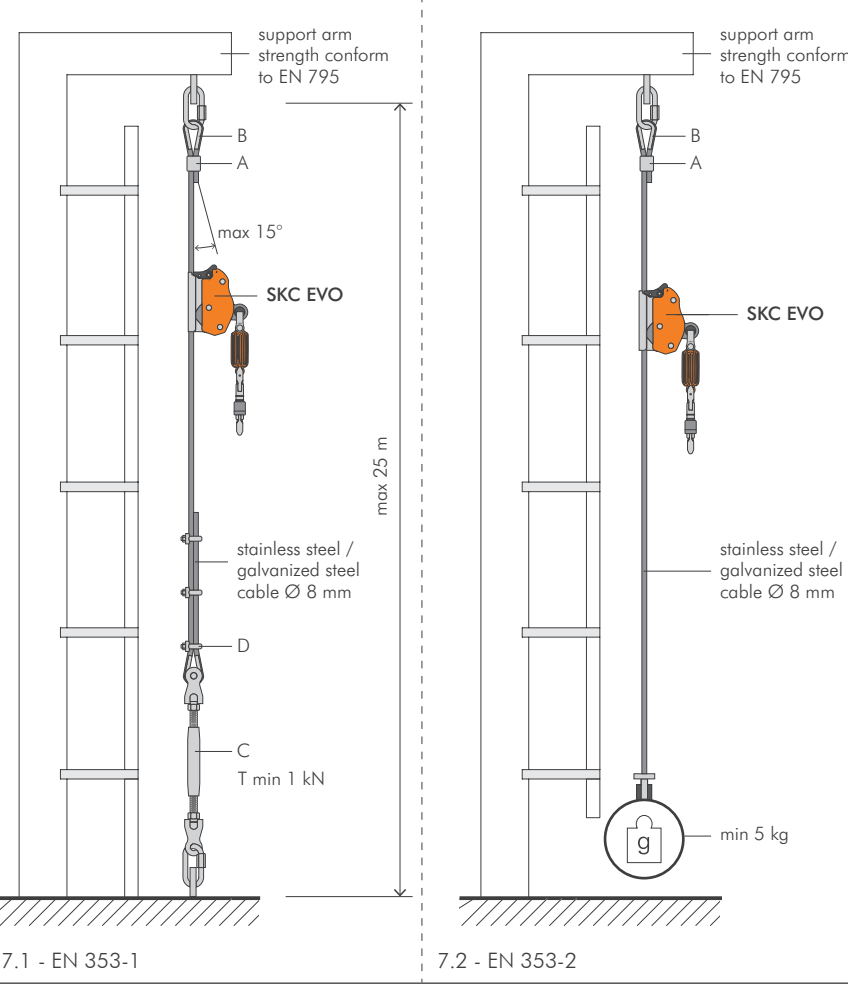


wire rope grips and thimble (B) have to be made of zinc plated steel and must have an 8 mm Ø; the tensioner has to be made of zinc plated steel and must have a 12 mm Ø eyelet.
2) NOMENCLATURE OF THE PARTS. (Fig. 3). A) Body; B) Locking lever; C) Locking cam; D) Reel; E) Oneway mobile body system; F) Carabiner for webbing connection; G) Webbing with energy absorber; H) Terminal connector.
3) MARKING. On the device the following information are engraved (Fig. 2): 1) Place of manufacture. 2) Patented device. 3) Correct way of use. 4) Logo advising the user to carefully read the instruction manual before employing the device. 5) Name of the manufacturer or of the responsible for the introduction in the market. 6) Product name. 7) Diameter, materials and models of anchor lines allowed on metal cables. 8) Logo advising the user to carefully read the instruction manual before employing the device. 9) CE marking. 10) 0333 - Number of the notified body responsible for the control of the manufacturing. 11) Warning about the fact that the cable used must comply with the needs of the fall arrester. 12) Batch number (0000). 13) Serial number (AAAA-DDD-YY). 14) Warning indicating that the device and the anchor line are designed for use by a single user of a weight between 50 kg (excluding equipment) and 140 kg (including equipment).
4) TRACEABILITY (Fig. 12). The device includes an individual serial number (AAAA-DDD-YY) composed by progressive number (AAAA), day of manufacture (DDD) and year of manufacture (YY).
5) CHECK LIST. Before each use verify that: the metal and plastic components do

3 NOMENCLATURE OF PARTS

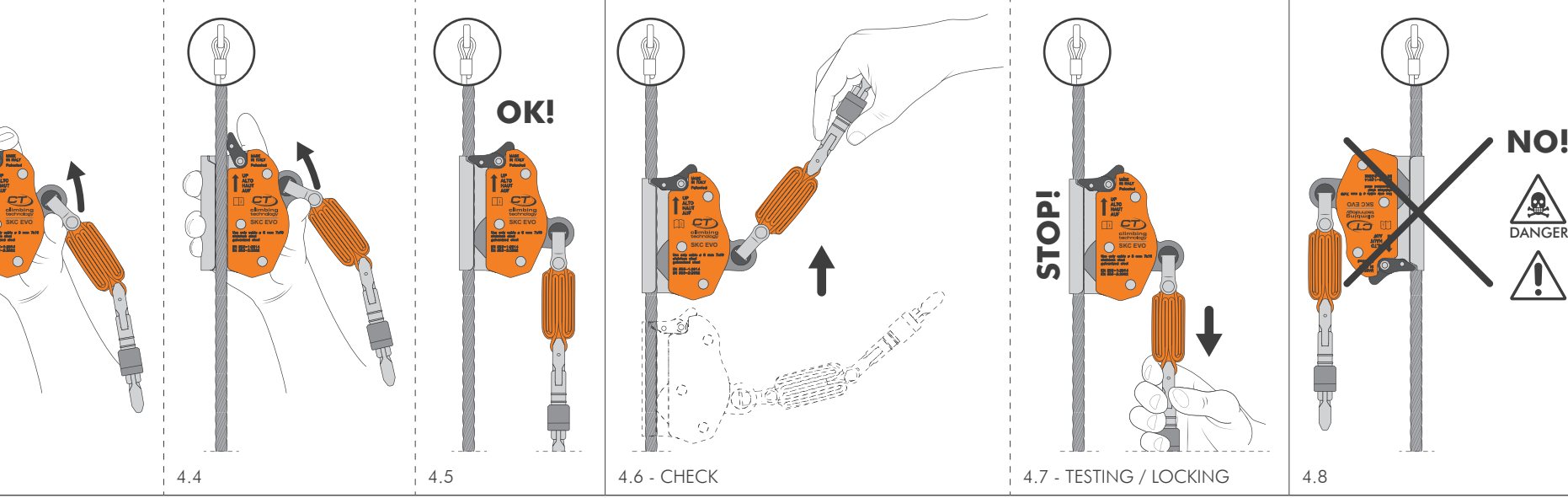


7 SITUATION PLAN

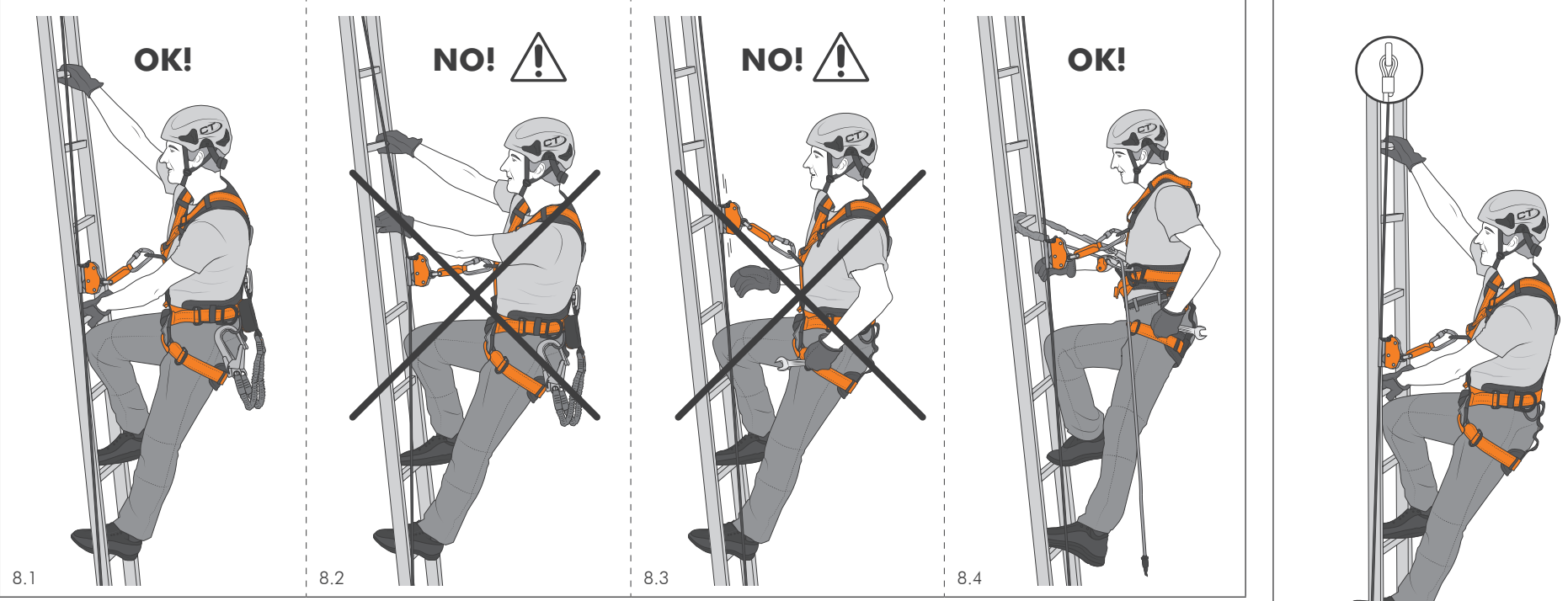


not present any deformities, cuts, cracks, incisions, sharp edges, wear, corrosion and oxidation; the fabric components and the seams do not present any cuts, abrasions, fraying, wear, corrosion, burns and traces of chemicals; in addition the seams do not present any cut, pulled or loose wires and that there are no lacinations of the seams in the initial area of the absorber due to the arrest of a fall; the protective absorber sheath is present and in a condition as to allow the inspection of the webbing below; the locking cam and the locking lever rotate without jamming and they make the relevant spring automatically return to the closed position; the carabiner inserted into the hole of the locking cam can rotate without any external impediments; the cam roller can rotate freely; the mobile body of the oneway system can move freely (see section 6.2); the cable used is compatible with the fall arrester device and is not damaged; the karabiner locking system works properly; watch out for dirt, (ex. sand or mud).
Attention! If the system falls subject to impacts, do not use the fall arrester system nor any one of its components. Before each use it is also necessary to: ensure that all of the equipment has the correct standards reference and that it is in perfect working order; ensure that the maintenance records of each piece of equipment are correct and up to date; carefully consider the safest access routes, be suitably equipped and prepared with regards to emergency procedures for rescuing any of the operators in difficulty or to deal with any emergencies that could arise during the work. **Attention!** Do not use neither the rigid anchor line nor the fall arrester device for carrying out rescue manoeuvres, in that case an appropriate additional system must be employed. During each use, always verify the correct placement of the cable inside the device;

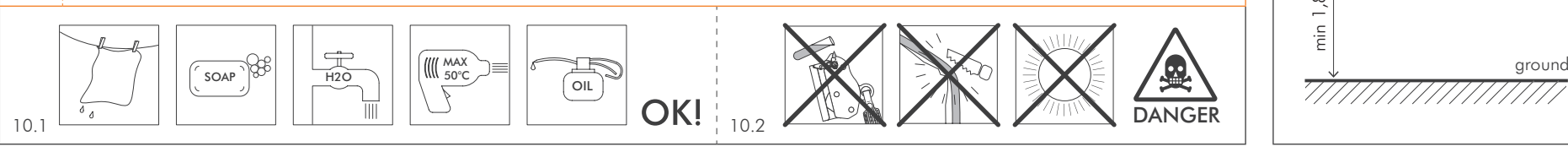
4 INSTALLATION AND TESTING



8 WARNINGS



10 WARNINGS



11 LEGEND



6.3 - Function test. Slide the fall arrester device upwards, passing it via the connector to verify it slides freely (Fig. 4.6). Then pull the device quickly downwards, to verify that the fall arrester will immediately block on the cable (Fig. 4.7).
6.4 - Connection to the harness (Fig. 6). Connect the terminal connector to the sternal attachment point of an EN 361 full body harness. Before use, adjust the harness so that it is perfectly snug to the user's body and it must not be loose. **Attention!** An EN 361 fall arrest harness is the only acceptable device for the body that can be used in a fall arrest system. **Attention!** The weight of the user, including tools and equipment, must not be greater than the maximum rated loads marked on the device. **Attention!** The weight of the user, excluding tools and equipment, must not be less than the rated loads marked on the device. **Attention!** In the event where the harness loosens during the ascent or the descent, it will have to be adjusted again from a safe position. **Attention!** It is absolutely forbidden to lengthen or shorten the integrated lanyard, by adding or removing a connector, for example. It is equally forbidden to replace the lanyard provided by the manufacturer with another type of lanyard.
6.5 - Use. The device enables the ascent or descent of a rigid or flexible anchor line in complete safety (Fig. 8.1) and without the user intervention. In case of a fall, the system instantly blocks. During the ascent pay attention to not solicit the cable with a rearward horizontal load because this could delay the locking cam, increasing the braking distance of the fall and potentially exposing the user to serious consequences (Fig. 8.2). **Attention!** The engagement of the release function of the handling of the device during the ascent of the device could prevent the safe operation of the braking mechanism and should only be performed from a safe position where there is no risk of falling. **Attention!** Do not use the device for positioning at work (Fig. 8.3), but if required, use an addition separate system (Fig. 8.4).
6.6 - Fall clearance distance (Fig. 9). The fall clearance distance is the minimum distance needed under the feet of the operator in order to avoid the collision with the structure, the ground, or other obstacles, in case of a fall from a height. **Attention!** Before and during each use you must keep into account the indicated fall clearance distance value. **Attention!** Should the user be below the indicated fall clearance distance height, it might happen that he's not protected from falls; therefore it is suggested to adopt supplementary measures during the climbing or the descent. **Attention!** The indicated value has been calculated through the standard fall tests using a rigid mass of 100 kg.
7) WARNINGS.
7.1 - Anchor point. For the installation of a rigid anchor line (EN 353-1) or of a flexible anchor line (EN 353-2) you should only use anchor points that conform with the standard EN 795 (minimum resistance 12 kN or 18 kN for non-metallic anchors) and that no sharp edges are present.
7.2 - Installation of a rigid anchor line EN 353-1. A rigid anchor line, consisting of a metal cable that is compatible with the device, must have a maximum length of 25 m, maximum angle of 15° from the vertical and must have a tension of 1 kN (Fig. 7.1). Furthermore, on the rigid anchor line some additional guiding brackets must be installed, each having a maximum distance of 8 m from the other and / or from the anchor points. Make sure that the orientation of the line corresponds to what is shown (Fig. 7.1). Additional guiding brackets are not required. **Attention!** The fall arrest devices including a stainless steel rigid anchor line should not be installed in highly corrosive atmospheres (e.g. above a swimming pool) because any signs of cracking due to stress corrosion cracking would not be visible. The installation may however be carried out in the case where control measures have been implemented or the compatibility has been determined. **Attention!** Before the installation, check the compatibility of the line with the surrounding environment, especially in the case of particularly aggressive atmospheres.
7.3 - Installation of a flexible anchor line EN 353-2 (Fig. 7.2). To improve the performance of the fall arrester, the lower end of the flexible line must always be secured by means of a weight (5 kg).
7.4 - Warning EN 365. During the use it is essential for the safety of the user that the device or the anchor point are always correctly positioned and that the work is

9 CLEARANCE HEIGHT



12 TRACEABILITY

